Midrash *D'Varim* ("Words") Deuteronomy 1:1 – 3:22

Ha-Ele Ha-D'varim "these are the words"

Greek mis-translation: deuteronomion "Second Law"

Entire book takes place in Moab - on the east side of the Jordan - directly across from Jericho

Moses delivers 3 messages to the 2nd generation:

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1)	Review of Israel's history	1:6 – 4:40
2)	Foundations of the "Law"	4:41 – 26
3)	Consequences of Obedience / Disobedience	27 – 30

More than just "re-telling" of the Law - of the 200 Laws mentioned, over 70 are "new" This is <u>not</u> that First Generation! Some "New" instructions given to that Second Generation!

Moses used some pretty obscure events in his history as a reminder for this next generation...why??

All of Torah was given to Israel outside The Land!

God's Guidance to Moses **Deuteronomy 1:1-8** 170 miles from Sinai to *Kadesh Barnea* = An 11 Day Journey by foot or camel-back But it took 38 years due to Israel's disobedience It took 4 days to get Israel out of Egypt, but 40 years to get Egypt out of Israel Deuteronomy starts on 1st day of 11th month of 40th year Deuteronomy 1:3 Tradition says Moses died on 7^{th} of Adar \implies about 5 weeks later Joshua crossed Jordan on 10^{th} day of 1^{st} month \implies about 10 weeks later Joshua 4:19 God spoke (thru Moses) to possess the Land ... and the people should hear Spies (at *Kadesh*) saw giants & the people heard the words of the 10 spies The result: Unbelief "He that has ears, let him hear." Matthew 13:13-16 Territory mentioned here not the same as Numbers 34Not until Messiah returns! The Choice of Leaders **Deuteronomy 1:9-18** Starts with reminder of the destruction of Sihon & Og Moses required assistance in leading the people: Judges suggested by Jethro Exodus 18 70 Elders Numbers 11:16 "Take you wise men, and understandigg, and known among your tribes...." verse 13 מים Wisdom chachamim Understanding bonim Forms the acrostic "Chabad" Knowledge y'da'im (da'at) These are the leaders of the people Moses also appointed judges "to hear the small and the great ... " verse 17 No distinction between rich or poor; great or common No distinction between matters, great or small Matters too hard for the judges go to Moses to decide Report of the Ten Spies & Israel's Refusal to Enter the Land Deuteronomy 1:19-33 "....great and terrible wilderness...." verse 19 Rabbinic sources say they saw the dead bodies of snakes & scorpions"destroyed by God as "He went before them."

They were to	search <u>how</u> to go into	o The Land, not <u>if</u> they were to go			
	ed <u>in your tents</u> and sa ured among each othe	a <i>id, 'because the LORD hates us"</i> er, <u>not</u> to God's Face	verse 27		
Viewe	ed God as harsh and ru Yeshua's Parable of		Luke 19:11-27		
Israel's Penalty fo Because of u 1 st Ge	nbelief: eneration would die in t	the wilderness to avoid persecution, will God take us also	Deuteronomy 1:34-46 o?? Rev 12:6		
Childr	We are to come to H	would be prey would live and enter the Lar lim as little children n Exodus were saved by obedience!	nd Matthew 18:3-4		
Israel	became vagabonds &	wanderers just like Cain	Genesis 4:15-16		
The Years in the 1 st Chapter:		<u>bt, fear</u> & <u>rebellion</u> – 40 Years, & Death	Deuteronomy 2:1-25		
2 nd Chapter:	Israel's reward for <u>repe</u>	entance & obedience – Redemption & Vic	tory!		
Do not engag	ge Edom because it is	Esau's possession	Numbers 20:14		
Do not engag	e Moab because it is l	Lot's possession	Numbers 21:28		
ואָב	<i>Moav</i> "From the Fa	ather"			
They	defeated <i>Nephilim: En</i>	<i>nims</i> (also known as <i>Anakim)</i>			
	ge Ammon because it i defeated <i>Nephilim: Za</i>	s also Lot's possession <i>mzummim</i>	Genesis 19:38		
•	veled by Israel is part o im trying to cover up Is		Joshua 1:3-4		
Victory Over <i>Sihon</i> (also one of the <i>l</i> Same request to pass thru his la			Deuteronomy 2:26–37		
God hardened <i>Sihon</i> 's heartbut Israel (God) defeated him and killed <u>all</u> the men, women & children					
But could not	engage Ammon				
Victory Over Og (also one of the <i>Nephilim</i>) Moses didn't ask this time!			Deuteronomy 3:1-11		
Israel was victorious over Og, just as they were with Sihon					
<i>Og</i> was the last of the <i>Nephilim</i> …and all the land east of the Jordan was in the hands of the Children of Israel					
"bedstead" ['] ['] ['] ['] ['] <i>eres</i> has the Aramaic meaning of "coffin"					
Distribution of the Land Deuteronomy 3:12-2 Sihon & Og's land was taken by Reuben, Gad & partial Tribe of Manasseh Provided they continue to fight with their brothers to possess all of Canaan					
Joshua saw how God defeated these two <i>Nephilim</i> kings: And he would not fear them For God shall fight for him!					
Haftarah:	Isaiah 1:1–27	Israel's Doom (3 rd Reading during The D	ire Straits)		
Brit Chadashah:	Matthew 13:10-17	Yeshua's "Words" in Parables			